DIALLYL ETHER

CAS No: 557-40-4 RTECS No: KN7525000 UN No: 2360

3,3'-Oxybis(1-propene) Allyl ether $C_{6}H_{10}O / (CH_{2}=CHCH_{2})_{2}O$ Molecular mass: 98.2

lenses if easily possible), then take

Rinse mouth. Refer for medical

to a doctor.

attention.

TYPES OF HAZARD/ EXPOSURE	ACUTE HAZARDS/SYMPTOMS	PREVENTION	FIRST AID/FIRE FIGHTING	
FIRE	Highly flammable.	NO open flames, NO sparks, and NO smoking.	Powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray, carbon dioxide.	
EXPLOSION	Vapour/air mixtures are explosive. Risk of fire and explosion on contact with acid(s) or oxidants.	Closed system, ventilation, explosion-proof electrical equipment and lighting. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling. Use non-sparking handtools. Prevent build-up of electrostatic charges (e.g., by grounding).	In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.	
EXPOSURE				
Inhalation	Cough. Drowsiness. Unconsciousness.	Ventilation, local exhaust, or breathing protection.	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.	
Skin	Dry skin. Redness. Pain.	Protective gloves. Protective clothing.	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.	
Eyes	Redness. Pain.	Face shield, or eye protection in combination with breathing	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact	

SPILLAGE DISPOSAL	PACKAGING & LABELLING
Ventilation. Remove all ignition sources. Collect leaking liquid in sealable containers. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent and remove to safe place. Do NOT wash away into sewer. Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours.	UN Hazard Class: 3 UN Subsidiary Risks: 6.1 UN Pack Group: II
	STORAGE

Do not eat, drink, or smoke during

protection.

work.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE	STORAGE
Transport Emergency Card: TEC (R)-30GFT1-II. NFPA Code: H2; F3; R1.	Fireproof. Separated from acids and oxidants. See Chemical Dangers. Store only if stabilized. Cool. Keep in the dark.



Ingestion

Dullness. Nausea. Drowsiness.

Unconsciousness.





Prepared in the context of cooperation between the International Programme on Chemical Safety and the European Commission © IPCS 2004

SEE IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON THE BACK.

IMPORTANT DATA			
Physical State; Appearance COLOURLESS LIQUID, WITH CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR.	Routes of exposure The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation,		
	through the skin and by ingestion.		
Physical dangers			
The vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the ground;	Inhalation risk		
distant ignition possible. As a result of flow, agitation, etc.,	No indication can be given about the rate in which a harmful		
electrostatic charges can be generated.	substance at 20/C.		
Chemical dangers			
The substance can form explosive peroxides. Reacts violently	Effects of short-term exposure		
with acids and oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.	The vapour is irritating to the eyes, the skin and the respiratory		
	tract. The substance may cause effects on the central nervous		
Occupational exposure limits	system, resulting in lowering of consciousness.		
ILV NOT established.	Effects of long term or reported evenesure		
	The liquid defats the skin.		

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling point: 94 /C Melting point: -6 /C Relative density (water = 1): 0.8 Solubility in water: none Vapour pressure, kPa at 20/C: 5.79 Relative vapour density (air = 1): 3.4 Relative density of the vapour/air-mixture at 20/C (air = 1): 1.1 Flash point: -6 /C Octanol/water partition coefficient as log Pow: 0.7 (calculated)

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

NOTES

Check for peroxides prior to distillation; eliminate if found.

The relation between odour and the occupational exposure limit cannot be indicated.

Environmental effects from the substance have not been investigated.

An added stabilizer or inhibitor can influence the toxicological properties of this substance, consult an expert.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

LEGAL NOTICE

Neither the EC nor the IPCS nor any person acting on behalf of the EC or the IPCS is responsible